
Washington State Adult Blood Lead Registry Update

Safety & Health Assessment & Research for Prevention (SHARP)

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The Washington State Blood Lead Registry was established in 1993. The results of all blood lead level (BLL) tests performed in Washington State are reported to the Washington State Department of Health (DOH), which then forwards adult results to the Safety & Health Assessment & Research for Prevention (SHARP) program at the Department of Labor and Industries (L&I).

The Registry's goal is to prevent lead overexposure and poisoning. SHARP strives to inform and educate workers and employers about the hazards of lead exposure. We also provide technical assistance to employers and industries that may be exposing workers to lead.

Concerning Adults

A national goal has been set for the year 2010 to eliminate BLLs of 25 µg/dl or greater in working adults. Between May 1993 and December 31, 2005, SHARP received a total of 81,726 BLL reports (Table 1); approximately 4% of these reports were for individuals with elevated BLLs (≥ 25 µg/dl). For cases where a home address could be obtained, the largest number of elevated blood lead reports was for King County residents (55%), followed by residents of Pierce (21%), and Snohomish Counties (6.5%).

BLLs greater than 40 µg/dl have been associated with psychological and nerve function abnormalities, damage to the kidneys and blood-forming systems, and adverse reproductive health effects for men and women. During 2005, 22 reports in the Registry were for individuals who had BLLs greater than or equal to 40 µg/dl. Of the 817 reports in the Registry with BLLs ≥ 40 µg/dl for which gender information was available, 797 (98%) were for males.

Table 1. Adult blood lead levels—2005 reports and cumulative reports.

Blood Lead Level (µg/dl)	January 1-December 31, 2005 (%)	May 15, 1993-December 31, 2005 (%)
< 25	8680 (99%)	78,287 (96%)
25-39	84 (0.96%)	2615 (3.2%)
40-49	19 (0.22%)	591 (0.72%)
50-59	3 (0.03%)	177 (0.22%)
≥ 60	0 (0%)	56 (0.07%)
TOTAL	8786	81,726

The Registry provides follow-up for individuals with elevated BLLs. The type and extent of follow-up depends on the actual BLL. Individuals with BLLs greater than or equal to 25 µg/dl are sent information on the potential health effects of lead, and ways to reduce their exposure. If the employee consents, we also send educational materials to the employer, and offer SHARP's technical expertise to help reduce lead exposure at specific work sites (we insist on employer follow-up for BLLs greater than 60 µg/dl or if a case had more than one BLL over 50 µg/dl).

In order to determine how workers are being exposed in the State of Washington, we collect employer and occupation information for individuals with elevated BLLs. Adult blood lead tests are usually sponsored by employers who are interested in assessing workplace lead exposures. Blood testing of lead-exposed workers is frequently required by workplace health regulations, and provides valuable information to guide workplace and medical decisions related to lead. If elevated blood lead levels occur, workplace exposures to lead should be reduced.

Industries in which two or more elevated BLL reports were received in 2005 are shown by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code in Table 2. Since companies that do not test their workers for lead are not included in the Registry, it is possible that some industries are not seen here, or that some industries are over-represented. It is likely that lead poisoning is a much greater problem than these numbers indicate, because many workers who are exposed to lead likely do not have their blood tested.

Table 2. Industries with two or more elevated BLL reports (≥ 25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{dl}$), January 1 -December 31, 2005

SIC Code	Description	Reports 25-39 $\mu\text{g}/\text{dl}$	Reports 40-49 $\mu\text{g}/\text{dl}$	Reports 50-59 $\mu\text{g}/\text{dl}$	Reports ≥ 60 $\mu\text{g}/\text{dl}$	Total Reports ≥ 25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{dl}$
3211	FLAT GLASS	19	5	0	0	24
1721	PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING	11	5	2	0	18
36*	STORAGE BATTERIES	14	2	0	0	16
3949	SPORTING AND ATHLETIC GOODS, NEC	3	0	0	0	3
7997	MEMBERSHIP SPORTS & RECREATION CLUBS	1	0	1	0	2
7539	AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SHOPS, NEC	1	1	0	0	2

*Figures are reported by 2-digit SIC code if there were fewer than three WA State employers in a 4-digit SIC category (WA State Employment Security, 2001 employer units).

The information on individual workers and employers contained within the Registry is regarded in the strictest confidence. Individual BLL results are protected from public disclosure in any form that would identify the person tested. Information on individual employers is used only to identify industries where exposure reduction interventions can be targeted. In situations of serious lead overexposure, SHARP reserves the right to share information on employers with WISHA, the state Occupational Safety and Health (OSHA) plan. However, this only occurs when an employer has failed to make a good faith effort to address an overexposure situation through voluntary efforts, or when a situation of imminent danger is perceived.

For more information on the lead registry and its activities or on ways to prevent lead overexposure, please contact SHARP at (360) 902-5669 or at 1-888-66-SHARP (toll free).